Remarks/Arguments

Double Patenting

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-3, 5-14, on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-11, of U.S. Patent No. 7.027.001 B2.

The terminal disclaimer filed 11/3/2008 was not accepted "since the signature is not listed as Attorney or Agent."

Applicant will file a new terminal disclaimer under 37 CFR 1.321 to overcome this rejection.

Claim Objections

The Examiner has objected to claims 1-3 and 10, based upon informalities. Specifically, Examiner has objected to the phrases "line/slot transition," "first line," and "the feed line."

Each of claims 1-3 and 10, has been modified in accordance with Examiner's suggestion. As such, it is respectfully submitted that the basis for the objection has been eliminated and that the objection should be withdrawn.

35 U.S.C. §112, ¶ 2

The Examiner has rejected claims 1-3 and 5-9, under 35 USC 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Specifically, Examiner indicated that the phrase "the feed line" was ambiguous and that there was a lack of antecedent basis for the phrase "the access." Claim 2-3 and 5-9 were rejected based upon their dependence upon rejected claim 1.

Claim 1 has been amended to remove the references to "the feed line" and "the access." As such, it is respectfully submitted that the basis for the rejection has been eliminated and that the rejection should be withdrawn.

Reply to Office Action of January 22, 2009

35 U.S.C. §103

Claims 1-3 and 5-9, stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujimoto et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5.892.487), hereinafter referred to as "Fujimoto".

It is respectfully asserted that Fujimoto fails to disclose an:

"antenna further comprising means for selecting for an access either the first feed line, producing in the directions of main radiation a first radiation pattern, or the second feed line, producing in the directions of main radiation a second radiation pattern, said second radiation pattern being complementary of the first radiation pattern,"

as described in currently amended claim 1.

A problem addressed by the subject application is that the signals transmitted by a transmitter reach a receiver by following a plurality of paths resulting from the many reflections of the signal on the walls, furniture or similar elements. When combined at the level of a receiver, the phase differences between the different rays having taken paths of different lengths gives rise to an interference figure that can cause fading or a significant degradation in the signal. The location of the fading changes over time according to the modifications in the environment such as the presence of new objects or the movement of people. The fading due to multiple paths can lead to significant degradations both at the level of the quality of the signal received and at the level of the system performances.

To solve this problem, the subject application discloses a planar antenna with diversity of radiation realised on a substrate comprising a slot of closed shape, dimensioned to operate on a mode higher than a fundamental mode, and at least one feed-line coupled to said slot according to a line-slot transition. The perimeter of the slot is selected such that $p = k\lambda s$ where p is the perimeter of the slot, k is an integer greater than or equal to 2 and λs is the guided wavelength in the slot. The antenna comprises a first feed-line coupled in a zone of the slot forming first open circuit and a second feed-line placed at a distance $d = (2n+1) \lambda s/4$ from said first feed-line, where n is an integer greater than or equal to zero. Ser. No. 10/564,929 Amdt, dated April 22, 2009 Reply to Office Action of January 22, 2009

The second feed line is coupled in a zone of the slot forming a first short-circuit. The antenna further comprises means for selecting for an access either the first feed line, producing in the directions of main radiation a first radiation pattern, or the second feed line, producing in the directions of main radiation a second radiation pattern, said second radiation pattern being complementary of the first radiation pattern.

In contrast, Fujimoto relates to an antenna element presenting good polarization diversity (Fujimoto, column 1, lines 57-58), not to an antenna with diversity of radiation. More specifically, Fujimoto teaches a "feeder for a microwave antenna system which can be integrated together with electronic circuitry on a common circuit board. A slot antenna, preferably shaped as an annular slot, is provided on the circuit board, and can be etched on the backside of the circuit board, which is normally a ground plate. The antenna system can be used for reception of DBS signals." (Fujimoto Abstract) In Fujimoto, the radiation generated by the annular slot 16 is bidirectional with two maximas. (Fujimoto, column 20, line 60 on) The radiation is perpendicular to the substrate in contrast to the present invention, where the radiation is in the plane of the substrate. (Specification page 4, line 15).

Currently amended claim 1 describes means for selecting for access either the first feed line, producing in the directions of main radiation a first radiation pattern, or the second feed line, producing in the directions of main radiation a second radiation pattern, being complementary of the first radiation pattern. Thus, the present invention provides radiation diversity. Among other differences, Fujimoto does not provide a complementary second radiation pattern in the directions of main radiation when the second feed line is used. In Fujimoto, the main radiation directions are always the same as the excitation port. Thus, it is respectfully submitted that Fujimoto fails to disclose an "antenna further comprising means for selecting for an access either the first feed line, producing in the directions of main radiation a first radiation pattern, or the second feed line, producing in the directions of main radiation a second radiation pattern, said second radiation pattern being complementary of the first radiation pattern," as described in currently amended claim 1.

In view of the above remarks and amendments to the claims, it is respectfully submitted that there is no 35 USC 112 enabling disclosure provided by Fujimoto that makes

Ser. No. 10/564,929 Amdt. dated April 22, 2009 Reply to Office Action of January 22, 2009

the present invention as claimed in currently amended claim 1 unpatentable. It is also respectfully submitted that currently amended independent claim 10 is allowable for at least the same reasons as claim 1. Since dependent claims 2-3, 5-9, and 11-14, are dependent from allowable independent claims 1 and 10, it is submitted that they too are allowable for at least the same reasons that their respective independent claims are allowable. Thus, it is further respectfully submitted that this rejection has been satisfied and should be withdrawn.

Having fully addressed the Examiner's rejections it is believed that, in view of the preceding amendments and remarks, this application stands in condition for allowance. Accordingly then, reconsideration and allowance are respectfully solicited. If, however, the Examiner is of the opinion that such action cannot be taken, the Examiner is invited to contact the applicant's representative at (609) 734-6804, so that a mutually convenient date and time for a telephonic interview may be scheduled.

No fee is believed due. However, if a fee is due, please charge the additional fee to Deposit Account 07-0832.

Respectfully submitted,

/Brian J. Cromarty/

By: Brian J. Cromarty Reg. No. 64018 Phone (609) 734-6804

Patent Operations Thomson Licensing Inc. P.O. Box 5312 Princeton, New Jersey 08543-5312 April 22, 2009